Linear Algebra Exam 1 Fall 2024

October 17, 2024

Name: Honor Code Statement:

Additional Statement: I have not observed another violating the Honor Code.

Signature: \_

**Directions:** Complete all problems. Justify all answers/solutions. Calculators, notes or texts are not permitted. Cell phones should not be used at any time (even to check the time) - please put them away! There is a two-hour time limit. This exam is proctored by permission of the Dean of Faculty. Note that some questions have a writing limit.

1. [10 points] Use Gaussian Elimination to solve the following system of linear equations. Use parametric vector form to describe the solution set. Give a geometric description of the solution set.

$$-x_1 - x_2 = 1$$
$$x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = -1$$
$$x_1 + x_3 = 1$$

2. [5 points] Consider the coefficient matrix A of the previous problem. Without doing any further calculation, is the vector  $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ 3\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$  in the span of the columns of A? How do you know this? (1 sentence writing limit)

3. [5 points] Consider the coefficient matrix A = [a₁ a₂ a₃ a₄] of the two previous problems. Theorem 7 of Chapter 1 of David Lay's text gives a characterization of linearly dependent sets. That theorem states that the set {a₁, a₂, a₃, a₄} will be linearly dependent if and only if at least \_\_\_\_\_\_. (This fill-in-the-blank should not be filled in with our definition of linearly dependent set.). Which is the smallest j, 1 ≤ j ≤ 4 for which a<sub>j</sub> is a linear combination of the preceding vectors? How do you know this? (1 sentence writing limit)

4. [10 points] **Network flow** Let us make the assumption of the preservation of flow in a network. Consider the following system of equations that is generated under this assumption by some network of 4 nodes.

$$f_1 + f_2 + f_3 = 500$$
  

$$f_1 + f_4 + f_6 = 400$$
  

$$f_3 + f_5 - f_6 = 100$$
  

$$f_2 - f_4 - f_5 = 0$$

Draw the network that generated this system. Be sure to label all nodes and arcs (i.e. label all vertices and directed edges to indicate direction of flow).

5. [5 points] The transformation  $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  that shifts the plane to the right by one unit is not a linear transformation despite the fact that it takes equally-spaced lines to equally-spaced lines. (That is, the transformation is T(x, y) = (x + 1, y).) Why isn't it a *linear* transformation? (2 sentence writing limit)

6. [5 points]. Consider the coefficient matrix A of the first problem and the coefficient matrix F given in the problem on network flow. One of the two products AF and FA is defined - which one? For the one that is defined, give the size of the resulting matrix and use the row-column rule for multiplication to give the one entry in row 2, column 2.

7. [5 points] Professor Gauss (b. 1777 – d. 1855) did an elementary row operation on the matrix M below. What elementary row operation did he do? Instead of doing this elementary row operation, he could have multiplied M by what elementary matrix E to obtain the same matrix? In doing this, does Carl Friedrich compute EM or ME?

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

8. [5 points] Suppose further that Professor Gauss finds out there is no set of elementary matrices that when multiplying M produces the identity matrix  $I_3$ . What does this imply about M? Give 2 facts.

9. [10 points] The LU-factorization of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
  
is given by  
$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad L = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Use the *LU*-factorization to **solve** the matrix equation  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ , where  $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 6 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ . **Check** your solution.

The advantage of having been given the LU-factorization to solve the matrix equation is that (fill-in-the-blank) \_\_\_\_\_\_.